S-4904.2			

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 6390

State of Washington 54th Legislature 1996 Regular Session

By Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Smith, Johnson, Haugen, Schow, Long, Fairley, Wood, Prince and Heavey)
Read first time 02/01/96.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to interception, transmission, recording, or
- 2 disclosure of communications; amending RCW 9.73.070 and 9.73.230;
- 3 adding a new section to chapter 9.73 RCW; and prescribing penalties.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 **Sec. 1.** RCW 9.73.070 and 1994 c 49 s 1 are each amended to read as 6 follows:
- 7 (1) The provisions of this chapter shall not apply to any activity
- 8 in connection with services provided by a common carrier pursuant to
- 9 its tariffs on file with the Washington utilities and transportation
- 10 commission or the Federal Communication Commission and any activity of
- 11 any officer, agent or employee of a common carrier who performs any act
- 12 otherwise prohibited by this law in the construction, maintenance,
- 13 repair and operations of the common carrier's communications services,
- 14 facilities, or equipment or incident to the use of such services,
- 15 facilities or equipment, and shall not apply to the use of a pen
- 16 register or a trap and trace device by such common carrier:
- 17 (a) Relating to the operation, maintenance, and testing of a wire
- 18 or electronic communication service or to the protection of the rights
- 19 or property of such common carrier, or to the protection of users of

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- 1 the common carrier's service from abuse of service or unlawful use of
 2 service;
- (b) To record the fact that a wire or electronic communication was initiated or completed in order to protect such common carrier, another common carrier furnishing service toward the completion of the wire communication, or a user of that service, from fraudulent, unlawful, or abusive use of service; or
- 8 <u>(c) Where the consent of the user of that service has been</u> 9 <u>obtained</u>.
- 10 <u>(2) "Common carrier"</u> as used in this section means any person 11 engaged as a common carrier or public service company for hire in 12 intrastate, interstate or foreign communication by wire or radio or in 13 intrastate, interstate or foreign radio transmission of energy.
- 14 $((\frac{2}{2}))$ (3) The provisions of this chapter shall not apply to:
- 15 (a) Any common carrier automatic number, caller, or location 16 identification service that has been approved by the Washington 17 utilities and transportation commission; or
- 18 (b) A 911 or enhanced 911 emergency service as defined in RCW 19 82.14B.020, for purposes of aiding public health or public safety 20 agencies to respond to calls placed for emergency assistance.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 9.73 RCW to read as follows:
- 23 (1) As used in this section:
- 24 (a) "Wire communication" means any aural transfer made in whole or 25 in part through the use of facilities for the transmission of communications by the aid of wire, cable, or other like connection 26 between the point of origin and the point of reception, including the 27 use of such connection in a switching station, furnished or operated by 28 29 any person engaged in providing or operating such facilities for the 30 transmission of intrastate, interstate, or foreign communications, and such term includes any electronic storage of such communication. 31
- 32 (b) "Electronic communication" means any transfer of signs, 33 signals, writing, images, sounds, data, or intelligence of any nature 34 transmitted in whole or in part by a wire, radio, electromagnetic, 35 photoelectronic, or photo-optical system, but does not include:
- 36 (i) Any wire or oral communication;
- (ii) Any communication made through a tone-only paging device; or (iii) Any communication from a tracking device.

- 1 (c) "Electronic communication service" means any service that 2 provides to users thereof the ability to send or receive wire or 3 electronic communications.
- 4 (d) "Pen register" means a device that records or decodes electronic or other impulses that identify the numbers dialed or 5 otherwise transmitted on the telephone line to which such device is 6 7 attached, but such term does not include any device used by a provider or customer of a wire or electronic communication service for billing, 8 9 or recording as an incident to billing, for communications services 10 provided by such provider or any device used by a provider or customer of a wire communication service for cost accounting or other like 11 purposes in the ordinary course of its business. 12
- 13 (e) "Trap and trace device" means a device that captures the 14 incoming electronic or other impulses that identify the originating 15 number of an instrument or device from which a wire or electronic 16 communication was transmitted.

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- (2) A law enforcement officer may apply for and the superior court may issue orders and extensions of orders authorizing the installation and use of pen registers and trap and trace devices as provided in this section. The application shall be under oath and shall include the identity of the officer making the application and the identity of the law enforcement agency conducting the investigation. The applicant must certify that the information likely to be obtained is relevant to an ongoing criminal investigation being conducted by that agency.
- (3) If the court finds that the information likely to be obtained by such installation and use is relevant to an ongoing criminal investigation and finds reason to believe that the pen register or trap and trace device will lead to obtaining evidence of a crime, contraband, fruits of crime, things criminally possessed, weapons, or other things by means of which a crime has been committed or reasonably appears about to be committed, or will lead to learning the location of a person who is unlawfully restrained or reasonably believed to be a witness in a criminal investigation or for whose arrest there is probable cause, the court shall enter an ex parte order authorizing the installation and use of a pen register or a trap and trace device. The order shall specify:
- 37 (a) The identity, if known, of the person to whom is leased or in 38 whose name is listed the telephone line to which the pen register or 39 trap and trace device is to be attached;

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- 1 (b) The identity, if known, of the person who is the subject of the 2 criminal investigation;
- 3 (c) The number and, if known, physical location of the telephone 4 line to which the pen register or trap and trace device is to be 5 attached and, in the case of a trap and trace device, the geographic 6 limits of the trap and trace order; and
- 7 (d) A statement of the offense to which the information likely to 8 be obtained by the pen register or trap and trace device relates.

9 The order shall direct, if the applicant has requested, the furnishing of information, facilities, and technical assistance 10 necessary to accomplish the installation of the pen register or trap 11 and trace device. An order issued under this section shall authorize 12 13 the installation and use of a pen register or a trap and trace device for a period not to exceed sixty days. Extensions of such an order may 14 15 be granted, but only upon a new application for an order under 16 subsection (2) of this section and upon the judicial findings required 17 by subsection (3) of this section. The period of extension shall be for a period not to exceed sixty days. 18

An order authorizing or approving the installation and use of a pen register or a trap and trace device shall direct that the order be sealed until otherwise ordered by the court and that the person owning or leasing the line to which the pen register or trap and trace device is attached, or who has been ordered by the court to provide assistance to the applicant, not disclose the existence of the pen register or trap and trace device or the existence of the investigation to the listed subscriber or to any other person, unless or until otherwise ordered by the court.

(4) Upon the request of an officer of a law enforcement agency 28 authorized to install and use a pen register under this chapter, a 29 30 provider of wire or electronic communication service, landlord, custodian, or other person shall furnish such law enforcement officer 31 forthwith all information, facilities, and technical assistance 32 accomplish the installation of the pen register 33 necessary to unobtrusively and with a minimum of interference with the services that 34 35 the person so ordered by the court accords the party with respect to whom the installation and use is to take place, if such assistance is 36 37 directed by a court order as provided in subsection (3) of this 38 section.

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Upon the request of an officer of a law enforcement agency authorized to receive the results of a trap and trace device under this chapter, a provider of a wire or electronic communication service, landlord, custodian, or other person shall install such device forthwith on the appropriate line and shall furnish such enforcement officer all additional information, facilities, and technical assistance including installation and operation of the device unobtrusively and with a minimum of interference with the services that the person so ordered by the court accords the party with respect to whom the installation and use is to take place, if such installation and assistance is directed by a court order as provided in subsection (3) of this section. Unless otherwise ordered by the court, the results of the trap and trace device shall be furnished to the officer of a law enforcement agency, designated in the court order, at reasonable intervals during regular business hours for the duration of the order.

A provider of a wire or electronic communication service, landlord, custodian, or other person who furnishes facilities or technical assistance pursuant to this subsection shall be reasonably compensated by the law enforcement agency that requests the facilities or assistance for such reasonable expenses incurred in providing such facilities and assistance.

No cause of action shall lie in any court against any provider of a wire or electronic communication service, its officers, employees, agents, or other specified persons for providing information, facilities, or assistance in accordance with the terms of a court order under this section. A good faith reliance on a court order under this section, a request pursuant to this section, a legislative authorization, or a statutory authorization is a complete defense against any civil or criminal action brought under this chapter or any other law.

(5) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, a law enforcement officer specially designated by a prosecuting attorney who reasonably determines that an emergency situation exists that involves immediate danger of death or serious bodily injury to any person or conspiratorial activities characteristic of organized crime that requires the installation and use of a pen register or a trap and trace device before an order authorizing such installation and use can, with

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due diligence, be obtained, and there are grounds upon which an order 1 2 could be entered under this chapter to authorize such installation and use, may have installed and use a pen register or trap and trace device 3 4 if, within forty-eight hours after the installation has occurred, or 5 begins to occur, an order approving the installation or use is issued in accordance with subsection (3) of this section. In the absence of 6 7 an authorizing order, such use shall immediately terminate when the 8 information sought is obtained, when the application for the order is 9 denied or when forty-eight hours have lapsed since the installation of 10 the pen register or trap and trace device, whichever is earlier. If an order approving the installation or use is not obtained within forty-11 eight hours, any information obtained is not admissible as evidence in 12 13 any legal proceeding. The knowing installation or use by any law enforcement officer of a pen register or trap and trace device pursuant 14 15 to this subsection without application for the authorizing order within 16 forth-eight hours of the installation shall constitute a violation of 17 this chapter and be punishable as a gross misdemeanor. A provider of a wire or electronic service, landlord, custodian, or other person who 18 19 furnished facilities or technical assistance pursuant to this subsection shall be reasonably compensated by the law enforcement 20 agency that requests the facilities or assistance for such reasonable 21 22 expenses incurred in providing such facilities and assistance.

23 **Sec. 3.** RCW 9.73.230 and 1989 c 271 s 204 are each amended to read 24 as follows:

- 25 (1) As part of a bona fide criminal investigation, the chief law 26 enforcement officer of a law enforcement agency or his or her designee 27 above the rank of first line supervisor may authorize the interception, 28 transmission, or recording of a conversation or communication by 29 officers under the following circumstances:
- 30 (a) At least one party to the conversation or communication has 31 consented to the interception, transmission, or recording;
- 32 (b) Probable cause exists to believe that the conversation or 33 communication involves the unlawful manufacture, delivery, sale, or 34 possession with intent to manufacture, deliver, or sell, controlled 35 substances as defined in chapter 69.50 RCW, or legend drugs as defined 36 in chapter 69.41 RCW, or imitation controlled substances as defined in 37 chapter 69.52 RCW; and

- 1 (c) A written report has been completed as required by subsection 2 (2) of this section.
- 3 (2) The agency's chief officer or designee authorizing an 4 interception, transmission, or recording under subsection (1) of this 5 section, shall prepare and sign a written report at the time of 6 authorization indicating:
- 7 (a) The circumstances that meet the requirements of subsection (1) 8 of this section;
- 9 (b) The names of the authorizing and consenting parties, except 10 that in those cases where the consenting party is a confidential 11 informant, the name of the confidential informant need not be divulged;
- 12 (c) The names of the officers authorized to intercept, transmit, 13 and record the conversation or communication;
- 14 (d) The identity of the particular person or persons, if known, who
 15 may have committed or may commit the offense;
- 16 (e) The details of the particular offense or offenses that may have 17 been or may be committed and the expected date, location, and 18 approximate time of the conversation or communication; and
- (f) Whether there was an attempt to obtain authorization pursuant to RCW 9.73.090(2) and, if there was such an attempt, the outcome of the attempt.
- (3) An authorization under this section is valid in all jurisdictions within Washington state and for the interception of communications from additional persons if the persons are brought into the conversation or transaction by the nonconsenting party or if the nonconsenting party or such additional persons cause or invite the consenting party to enter another jurisdiction.
- 28 (4) The recording of any conversation or communication under this 29 section shall be done in such a manner that protects the recording from 30 editing or other alterations.

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(5) An authorization made under this section is valid for no more than twenty-four hours from the time it is signed by the authorizing officer, and each authorization shall independently meet all of the requirements of this section. The authorizing officer shall sign the written report required under subsection (2) of this section, certifying the exact date and time of his or her signature. An authorization under this section may be extended not more than twice for an additional consecutive twenty-four hour period based upon the

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same probable cause regarding the same suspected transaction. Each such extension shall be signed by the authorizing officer.

 (6) Within fifteen days after the signing of an authorization that results in any interception, transmission, or recording of a conversation or communication pursuant to this section, the law enforcement agency which made the interception, transmission, or recording shall submit a report including the original authorization under subsection (2) of this section to a judge of a court having jurisdiction which report shall identify (a) the persons, including the consenting party, who participated in the conversation, and (b) the date, location, and approximate time of the conversation.

In those cases where the consenting party is a confidential informant, the name of the confidential informant need not be divulged.

A monthly report shall be filed by the law enforcement agency with the administrator for the courts indicating the number of authorizations granted, the date and time of each authorization, interceptions made, arrests resulting from an interception, and subsequent invalidations.

(7)(a) Within two judicial days of receipt of a report under subsection (6) of this section, the court shall make an exparte review of the authorization, but not of the evidence, and shall make a determination whether the requirements of subsection (1) of this section were met. If the court determines that any of the requirements of subsection (1) of this section were not met, the court shall order that any recording and any copies or transcriptions of the conversation or communication be destroyed. Destruction of recordings, copies, or transcriptions shall be stayed pending any appeal of a finding that the requirements of subsection (1) of this section were not met.

(b) Absent a continuation under (c) of this subsection, six months following a determination under (a) of this subsection that probable cause did not exist, the court shall cause a notice to be mailed to the last known address of any nonconsenting party to the conversation or communication that was the subject of the authorization. The notice shall indicate the date, time, and place of any interception, transmission, or recording made pursuant to the authorization. The notice shall also identify the agency that sought the authorization and shall indicate that a review under (a) of this subsection resulted in a determination that the authorization was made in violation of this section.

1 (c) An authorizing agency may obtain six-month extensions to the 2 notice requirement of (b) of this subsection in cases of active, 3 ongoing criminal investigations that might be jeopardized by sending 4 the notice.

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- (8) ((In any subsequent judicial proceeding,)) <u>E</u>vidence obtained through the interception, <u>transmission</u>, or recording of a conversation or communication pursuant to this section shall be ((admissible only <u>if</u>)) <u>inadmissible in all courts of general or limited jurisdiction in this state unless:</u>
- (a) The court finds that the requirements of subsection (1) of this section were met and the evidence is ((used in prosecuting an offense listed in subsection (1)(b) of this section; or)) admitted in a criminal prosecution or a forfeiture or criminal profiteering case;
 - (b) The evidence is admitted with the permission of ((the)) any nonconsenting person whose communication or conversation was intercepted, transmitted, or recorded; or
- 17 (c) ((The evidence is admitted in a prosecution for a "serious violent offense" as defined in RCW 9.94A.030 in which a party who consented to the interception, transmission, or recording was a victim of the offense; or
 - (d))) The evidence is admitted in a civil suit for personal injury or wrongful death arising out of the same incident, in which a party who consented to the interception, transmission, or recording was a victim of a serious violent offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030.
- Nothing in this subsection bars the admission of testimony of a party or ((eyewitness)) witness to the intercepted, transmitted, or recorded conversation or communication when that testimony is unaided by information obtained solely by violation of RCW 9.73.030.
- (9) Any determination of invalidity of an authorization under this section shall be reported by the court to the office of the administrator for the courts.
- (10) Any person who intentionally intercepts, transmits, or records or who intentionally authorizes the interception, transmission, or recording of a conversation or communication in violation of this section, is guilty of a class C felony punishable according to chapter 9A.20 RCW.
- 37 (11) An authorizing agency is liable for twenty-five thousand 38 dollars in exemplary damages, in addition to any other damages 39 authorized by this chapter or by other law, to a person whose

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conversation or communication was intercepted, transmitted, or recorded pursuant to an authorization under this section if:

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- (a) In a review under subsection (7) of this section, or in a suppression of evidence proceeding, it has been determined that the authorization was made without the probable cause required by subsection (1)(b) of this section; and
- 7 (b) The authorization was also made without a reasonable suspicion 8 that the conversation or communication would involve the unlawful acts 9 identified in subsection (1)(b) of this section.

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